



INNOVATIVE SOLUTIONS
BY OPEN SOURCE EXPERTS

GraphQL API on Odoo

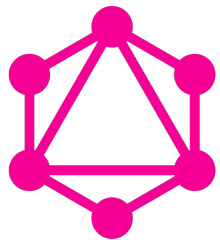
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Agenda

- Why GraphQL
 - What is it?
 - Project context
- Sneak peek in the graphical interface
- How to develop your own API
 - /graphql & /graphql
 - Authentication
 - Schema / Object definition
 - Resolvers



GraphQL

Ask what you need,

Get exactly that

```
1 {  
2   allRoutes(limit: 2, offset: 2) {  
3     totalCount  
4     edges {  
5       node {  
6         _id  
7         changeDate  
8         title  
9       }  
10    }  
11  }  
12 }
```

```
{  
  "data": {  
    "allRoutes": {  
      "totalCount": 2,  
      "edges": [  
        {  
          "node": {  
            "_id": 817,  
            "changeDate": "2022-07-21T15:49:27.336890",  
            "title": {  
              "de": "Alpenpanorama-Weg",  
              "it": "Sentiero alpino panoramico ",  
              "en": "Alpine Panorama Trail",  
              "fr": "Chemin panorama alpin"  
            }  
          }  
        },  
        {  
          "node": {  
            "_id": 829,  
            "changeDate": "2022-09-22T12:49:57.084701",  
            "title": {
```

→ graphql_base

- <https://github.com/oca/rest-framework>
- By Acsonne
- Based on  Python-graphene

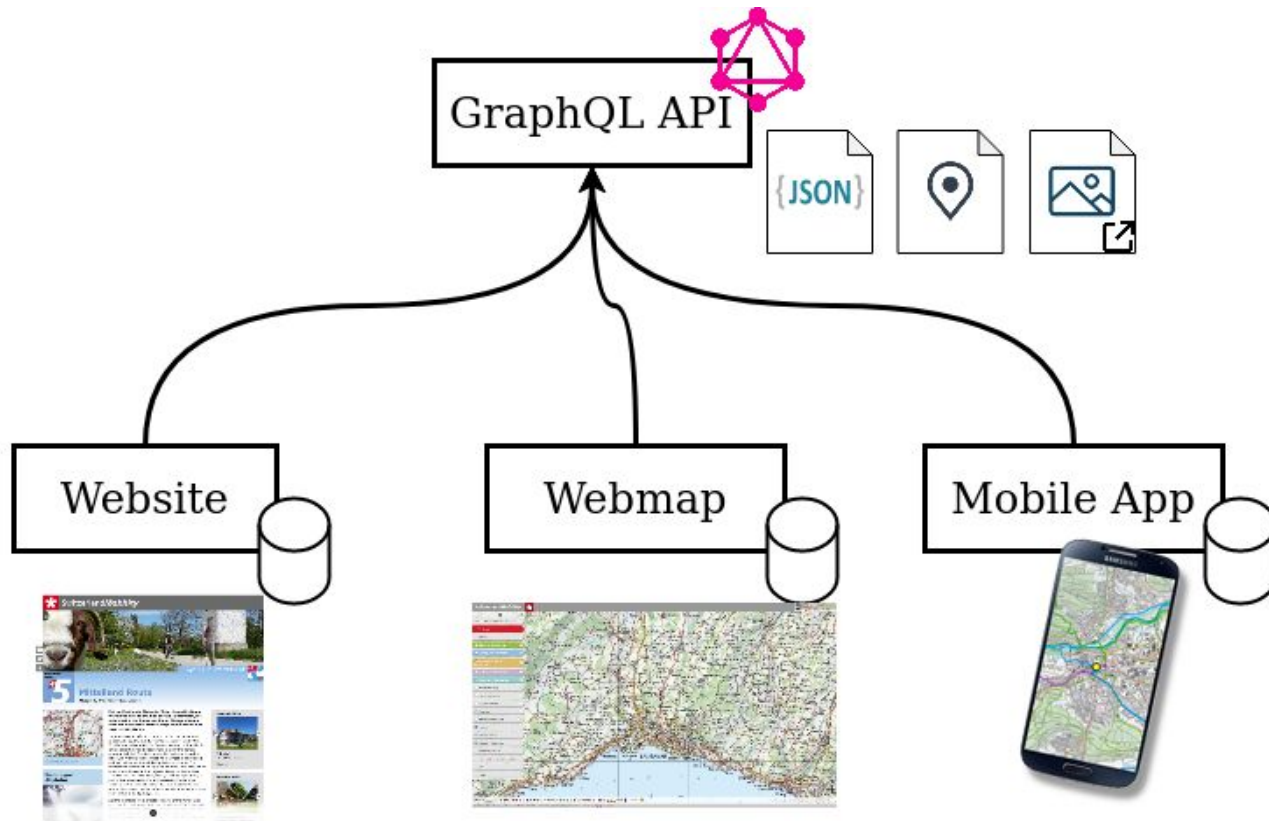


Switzerland **Mobility**

A network for non-motorized traffic



- Odoo as a framework
 - geoengine
 - ~ 40 Custom objects
 - 55 users/editors in 40 companies
- Workflow (ETL like)
 - Import
 - Edit
 - Validate
 - Publish (revision system)
- API
 - Rest API → GraphQL API
 - 3 data consumers



Let's have a look

Test your endpoint

/graphiql

→ /graphql

- API Endpoint

→ /graphiql

- Graphic interface
 - Auto-completion
 - Auto-documented

Authentication

OCA/server-auth

auth_api_key

```
@http.route("/graphql", auth="api_key", csrf=False)
def graphql(self, **kwargs):
    return self._handle_graphql_request(schema)
```

```
curl "http://myodoo.com/graphql" \
  -d "query={allRoutes {edges {node {geom}}}}" \
  -H "Accept: application/json" \
  -H "API-Key: xxxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxxxxxxxxxx"
```

Schema

Register the available queries

```
1 from graphene import Field, Int, ObjectType, Schema, String, relay
2
3 from .land import Land
4 from .route import Route, RouteConnection
5
6 class Query(ObjectType):
7     land = Field(Land, code=String(required=True, description=LAND_
8     route = Field(
9         Route,
10        land=String(required=True, description=LAND_DESCR),
11        number=Int(required=True),
12        description="Main object, can be composed of Segments",
13    )
14    all_routes = relay.ConnectionField(
15        RouteConnection,
16        land=String(description=LAND_DESCR),
17        since=DateTime(),
18        limit=Int(),
19        offset=Int(),
20        description="List of the main object, can be composed of Se
21    )
22
23    @staticmethod
24    def resolve_route(root, info, number=0, land=None):
25        ...
26
27    @staticmethod
28    def resolve_all_routes(root, info, land=None, since=None, **kwa
29        ...
30
31 schema = Schema(query=Query)
```

Object definition

How to map your Odoo objects

```
1 # Copyright 2021 Camptocamp SA
2 # License AGPL-3.0 or later (http://www.gnu.org/licenses/agpl).
3 from graphene import List, String
4 from odoo.addons.graphql_base import OdooObjectType
5
6 from . import resolver
7 from .common import WebDB
8 from .land import Land
9 from .tools import get_public_url
10 from .types import Translation
11
12 # pylint: disable=no-self-argument
13
14
15 class File(OdooObjectType):
16     class Meta:
17         interfaces = (WebDB,)
18
19         name = String(resolver=WebDB.resolve_name)
20
21         lands = List(Land, resolver=resolver.x2m)
22         title = Translation()
23         url = String()
24
25     def resolve_url(root, info):
26         return get_public_url(root.file_url)
```

Object definition - Cycling reference

- Graphene / GraphQL limitation
- Cycling reference
 - Papermaps → Route
 - Route → Papermaps
- Deferred import
 - `def getRoute():`
 - `from .route import Route`
 - `return Route`
 - `class PaperMap(OdooObjectType):`
 - `routes = List(getRoute, ...)`

Field names

CamelCase or snake_case

→ GraphQL

- Translated to CamelCase
- Data consumer don't need to know about Odoo
- Can be switched off

→ Implicit default resolver

- root.name
 - name = String()

→ Field type resolver

- Default resolver on type
 - name = Translation()

→ Specific field resolver

- By field name
 - name = String()
 - def resolver_name(...):
- Or field attribute
 - name = String(resolver=myresolver)

Resolver - Fetching

- root contains the Odoo env
- `root.env["res.country"].search(domain)`

Resolvers - tips

- Odoo agnostic
 - Relations, remove the `_id`, `_ids` suffixes
 - False → null

Resolvers - Examples

- Translations (New type)
 - 4 languages json
- Geometries / Coordinates (New type)
 - Complex geometries url
 - Url to geojson / geobuff endpoint
 - Coordinates
 - [x, y]
- Relations (Field attribute)
 - Ordered M2M

Questions

camptocamp[^]

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